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IDRS CORRESPONDEX	
Internal Revenue Service	
Title: Penalty Waiver or Abat (for use with AMS/RCA	ement Disallowed/Appeals Procedure Explained applications only!)
Number of Copies Distr Original and 1 2 to	
OMB Clearance Number Expir	es IMF
Letters Considered in Revision	
B Tax C D E E Kind of Pen E E WE ARE SORRY THA	Period: Periods: Form: alty(s): T WE COULD NOT GRANT YOUR REQUEST xplain why we could not grant your request to s to your account.
F directly to you. If you we you, please complete Form F Representative. If you wi F confidential tax informat F Information Authorization F visit our website at www. F at the end of this letter F	no record that you authorized that we have replied ish to authorize a third party to represent 2848, Power of Attorney and Declaration of sh an appointee to inspect and/or receive ion, please complete Form 8821, Tax For more information about these forms, irs.gov or call the telephone number listed.
G Thank you for your inquir	y asking us to remove

н р	We have carefully reviewed your case. However, the information provided did not establish reasonable cause. Thus, we are unable to remove your
I Y	You asked us to remove the penalties charged on the tax periods ended
	We have carefully reviewed your case. The information you provided enabled us to remove your penalty. However, it did not enable us to remove your penalty for
Л М	WHY WE COULD NOT REMOVE YOUR PENALTY CHARGES
	Your claim for removal of the penalty for failure to on you described did not
	occur until after you described did not
L W	We are sorry to learn of
ւ _	We are sorry to hear
1 k	We are sorry to learn that you You claim that this prevented you from meeting your tax obligations in a timely manner. However,
	the taxpayer's tax obligations were not met in a simely manner because the taxpayer is elderly and is no longer able to attend to personal business. However,
	the taxpayer's taxes were not taken care of in a simely manner because the taxpayer is impaired and is no longer able to attend to their personal business. However,
<u> </u>	you were unable to meet your tax obligations on time because
	We are sorry that you encountered a problem. However,
	you were unable to meet your tax obligations eccause was absent. However, it is your responsibility to act in a timely manner unless you are prevented from doing so by circumstances beyond your control. In any case, the absence of does not explain why you were unable to take care of your taxes in a timely manner
r r c	an absence prevented you from meeting your tax obligations on time. In order for us to remove your penalty, you must show that the absence was both unforeseen and unavoidable. However,
J –	
	you requested an extension of time to file the tax return referenced at the top of the first page of this letter. However,

_	We have carefully
re	eviewed your claim. However,
_	a change in the tax law caused you to fail to mee
Ϋ́	our tax obligations on time. However,
	your taxes were not timely because of an excessive
	elay in the mail. This could be a basis for removing your penalty if
i†	t was due to circumstances beyond your control. However,
_	your taxes were not timely because of an excessive
de	elay in the mail. This could be a basis for removing your penalties
	f it was due to circumstances beyond your control. However,
	you were unable to obtain the records you needed
	o meet your tax obligations on time. IRS generally holds that each
р	erson is responsible for maintaining copies of necessary records
_	you were unable to obtain the records you needed
+	o meet your tax obligations on time. IRS generally holds that each
	erson is responsible for maintaining copies of necessary records. The
fa	act that
it	t does not enable us to remove your penalty(s).
	·
	your failure to meet your tax obligations on time
	as due to reliance on However, you are the one who is esponsible for filing a return or paying the tax.
Τ.	esponsible for fiffing a feculi of paying the tax.
	you did not pay your tax on time because your
pa	ayment was erroneously refunded. Since you received an unanticipated
	efund, it was your responsibility either to return it without cashing
tl	he check or to question IRS about the reason for the refund.
	you were not required to meet your tax obligations a timely manner because you were in bankruptcy. Unfortunately, we
	ave no record of your bankruptcy during this period. In the absence
	f documentation that you were operating under bankruptcy protection
	t the time your taxes were due, we have no basis for removing your
р	enalty.
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7	you were unable to meet your tax obligations on
	ime because of a divorce. We understand that a divorce can be a ifficult situation to deal with. However,
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Y	ou explained that you did not meet your tax obligations on time
	ecause you were not fully aware of the requirements. Specifically,
	ou stated that However,
	eing unaware of the requirements for filing a return or for paying
	ax is not a basis for penalty removal. Each taxpayer is responsible
	or learning the applicable filing requirements or for seeking
_	ualified advice. You may also obtain expert advice from IRS. There is fee for this assistance.
11(J ICC TOT CHIS assistance.
Ϋ́	ou explained that you did not pay your taxes on time because you did
	ot become aware of the income until you received a late report of it

you have a good history of meeting your tax

obligations. However, a review of your account history shows that we have charged similar penalties in the past.

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We are sorry, but we are unable to waive the penalty for underpayment of estimated tax based on the explanation you gave. We can only waive the penalty if you failed to pay because:

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 a casualty, disaster, or other unusual circumstance occurred, and the imposition of the penalty would be against equity and good conscience,

OR

2) you retired during the tax year after reaching age 62

3) you became disabled during a tax year that estimated payments were due or during the previous tax year,

AND

OR

4) the underpayment was due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

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k You asked us to remove the interest as well as the penalty(s) on your k account. However, the law does not permit us to remove interest for k reasonable cause. We charge interest on any unpaid tax, regardless of k whether you had reasonable cause.

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YOUR CURRENT BALANCE

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Your total balance due _____. This amount includes penalty and interest figured _____. Please note that we will continue to charge interest until the amount you owe is paid in full.

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We've provided a general explanation of the possible penalties and/or interest included in the current balance due on your account. If you would like a specific explanation of how the amounts were computed on your account, please contact us at the toll-free number shown in this letter and we will send you a detailed computation.

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** Filing and/or Paying Late -- IRC Section 6651 **

We charge a 5% penalty for filing late, and a 1/2% penalty for paying late, when a return is filed late and the tax is not paid by the date it was due. When both penalties apply for the same month, the penalty for filing late is reduced by the amount of the penalty for paying late for that month.

The penalty for filing late is based on the tax ultimately due, which was not paid by the original return due date without regard to extensions.

The penalty for paying late is based on the net unpaid tax at the beginning of each penalty month following the payment due date for that tax.

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The penalties are charged for each month or part of a month the return or payment is late; however, neither penalty can be more

than 25% in total.

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Income tax returns are subject to a minimum penalty if filed late and received more than 60 days after the due date. The minimum penalty is \$135 (\$100 for returns due before 1/1/2009) or 100% of the tax paid late, whichever is less.

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The penalty for paying late applies when tax is paid late, even if the return was filed on time. The due date for payment of tax shown on a return generally is the return due date without regard to extensions. Increases in tax must be paid within 21 days of notice and demand for payment (10 business days if the amount in the notice is \$100,000 or more).

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If we issue a Notice of Intent to Levy and the balance due isn't paid within 10 days from the date of the notice, the penalty for paying late increases to 1% per month.

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For individuals who filed on time, the penalty decreases to 1/4% per month while an approved installment agreement with the IRS is in effect for payment of that tax.

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** Interest -- IRC Section 6601 **

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We charge interest when tax is not paid on time. We figure interest from the due date of the return (regardless of extensions) to the date we receive full payment or the date of the notice.

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Your balance due is a total of several tax periods. Specifically, your balances due by tax period ended are as follows:

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WHAT TO DO IF YOU DISAGREE

If you have additional information and want your case to receive further consideration by the Office of Appeals, please provide a detailed written statement of the dispute issues, along with supporting documentation, to the Service Center Appeals Coordinator

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- l. Your name and address;
- 2. Your social security number;
- 3. A statement that you want to appeal the findings;

within 60 days from the date of this letter. It should include:

- 4. A statement of facts supporting your position on the issues you are appealing;
- 5. If possible, a statement outlining the law or other authority on which you rely;
- 6. A copy of your original request, if available; and
- 7. A copy of this letter.

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The statement of facts, in 4 above, should be detailed and complete, including specific dates, names, amounts, and locations. You must declare the statement true under penalties of perjury. You may do this by adding to your statement the following signed declaration:

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"Under penalties of perjury, I declare that the facts presented in my written protest, which are set out in the accompanying

statement of facts, schedules, and other statements are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, correct, and complete."

If your authorized representative sends us the protest for you, he or she may substitute a declaration stating that he or she prepared the statement and accompanying documents and whether he or she knows that the statement and accompanying documents are true and correct.

Please address your response to:

Internal Revenue Service Service Center Penalty Appeals Coordinator Attn:

Even though you are requesting consideration by the Appeals Office, the Service Center Appeals coordinator will review your additional information first, to determine whether the penalty should be removed or reduced. If your appeal can't be resolved immediately with the additional information, the coordinator will send your written statement to the Appeals Office serving your district.

REPRESENTATION

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n An attorney, certified public accountant, or person enrolled to n practice before the Internal Revenue Service may represent you. To n have someone represent you, attach a Form 2848, Power of Attorney and Declaration of Representative, (or similar written authorization) to your written statement.

Forms, instructions, and Treasury Department Circular No. 230, n Regulations Governing the Practice of Attorneys, Certified Public n Accountants, Enrolled Agents, Enrolled Actuaries, and Appraisers n before the Internal Revenue Service are available from any Internal n Revenue Service office. They are also available by calling 1-800-829-3676 and from our website at www.irs.gov.

n OTHER INFORMATION ABOUT APPEALING

n If taxes are overdue on your account, you will continue to receive bills even if you appeal the penalty. If you decide to appeal, you may pay the penalty to avoid further interest charges on the penalty amount. If you appeal the penalty and the Appeals Officer determines that you are not required to pay it, we will adjust your account and send you a refund.

If you don't appeal, you may file a claim for refund after you pay the penalty. If you want to take your case to court immediately, you should request in writing that your claim for refund be immediately rejected. Then you will be issued a notice of disallowance. You have two years from the date of the notice of disallowance to bring suit in the United States District Court having jurisdiction or in the United States Claims Court.

o HOW TO CONTACT US

o If you have any questions, please call

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